DUMA ALL SESSION STRATEGY

DASS

A simple, visual guide to the complete strategy

DASS-30 (M10 -> M2) + DASS-15 (M5 -> M1)

Rebuilt July 2026 | Strategy rules and broker-record examples

START HERE

The whole strategy in one picture

DASS means Duma All Session Strategy. It looks for the same price pattern at Sydney, Tokyo, London and New York openings and overlap starts. A trade is allowed only when every step below happens in the correct order.

1. RANGE
Mark first 30m or 15m.

→

2. BREAK
M10 or M5 closes outside.

→

3. RETEST
Price returns to EMA20.

→

4. CONFIRM
M2 or M1 closes with break.

→

5. TRADE
SL at swing; target by

THE MOST IMPORTANT RULE

The steps cannot be rearranged. EMA20 touching before a valid breakout means nothing. A wick outside the range is not a breakout. A late entry after the two-candle window is a missed trade. WAIT is a correct result.

DASS does not predict. It waits for price to prove the setup.

READ THIS BEFORE THE CHECKLIST

Plain-language glossary

Every short form used later is defined here first. Timeframe abbreviations tell [illegible]s.

M30 / M15
Thirty- and 15-minute ranges used by DASS-30 and DASS-15.

M10 / M5
Completed breakout candles for DASS-30 and DASS-15.

M2 / M1
EMA20 retest and entry candles for DASS-30 and DASS-15.

EMA20
20-period Exponential Moving Average. A responsive average of recent closes.

HOD / LOD
High / Low of Day: DASS-30 target. HO12/LO12: DASS-15 12-hour target.

PDH / PDL
Prior-Day High / Prior-Day Low. Context showing earlier strength or weakness.

SL / TP
Stop Loss / Take Profit. Broker-held exit prices for loss and profit.

R
One unit of initial risk. If $3 is risked, +2R means about +$6.

R:R
Reward-to-risk ratio. 2R reward means twice the stop risk.

Bid / Ask
Bid closes a buy; ask opens a buy. Their difference is the spread.

ES
E-mini S&P 500 futures: broad large-company US equity direction.

NQ
E-mini Nasdaq-100 futures: technology and growth-stock direction.

VIX
Cboe Volatility Index: expected 30-day S&P 500 volatility from options.

CPI
Consumer Price Index: a major inflation report.

NFP
Nonfarm Payrolls: a major US employment report.

FOMC
Federal Open Market Committee: the US central-bank rate decision group.

ALL-SESSION PLAYBOOK

Where the two strategies measure

All 36 research instruments are measured in every session. All opening times are local to the named city. Tokyo, London and New York openings are also the exact beginnings of the preceding-session overlaps, so each physical range is tagged both ways instead of being traded twice from identical candles.

SESSION	INSTRUMENTS	CYCLE TAG
Sydney 08:00	All 36 instruments	Opening only
Tokyo 09:00	All 36 instruments	Sydney?Tokyo overlap
London 08:00	All 36 instruments	Tokyo?London overlap
New York 09:30	All 36 instruments	London?New York overlap

SESSION CLOCK, NOT A SIGNAL

The opening time only starts the measurement. It does not mean buy or sell. The chosen 30- or 15-minute range must finish, then its breakout and retest appear. Daylight-saving changes are handled by each city’s local clock.

EVERY GATE MUST PASS

The complete DASS checklist

1 **Correct cycle**

A named opening or overlap-start range is active.

2 **Choose version**

DASS-30 and DASS-15 are tracked independently.

3 **Bias is not conflicting**

Gap, prior levels and previous session agree or stay neutral.

4 **Range is complete**

Use every wick from the first 30 or 15 minutes.

5 **Strong break**

Completed M10/M5 body closes outside; body >=55%; wick is small.

6 **EMA20 retest**

M2/M1 returns to EMA20 and closes back with the breakout.

7 **Entry is not late**

Enter only in the next one or two completed entry candles.

8 **Spread-safe stop**

SL is beyond the pullback swing and not swallowed by spread.

9 **Target still offers 2R**

HOD/LOD or HO12/LO12 remains profitable after costs.

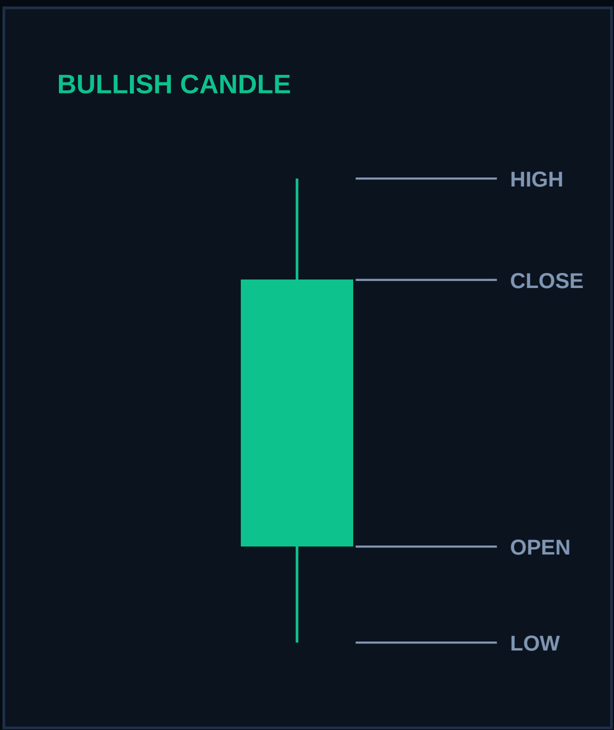
10 **Record identity**

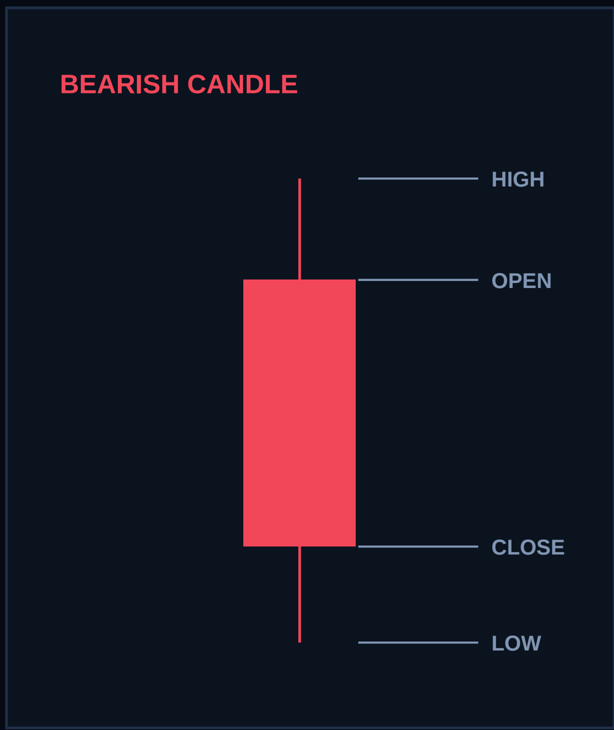
Save pair, version, session, overlap and precise time.

FOUNDATION

How to read the candles

A candle records four prices: open, high, low and close. The thick body shows the distance from open to close. Thin wicks show prices visited but not held.





COMPLETED CANDLES ONLY

A still-forming candle can change body, wick and close before its timer ends. DASS waits for completion. Range building counts every wick, but the breakout requires the completed body to close outside.

PRICE STRUCTURE

Step 1: build the 30-minute opening range

Start at the approved local session open. For exactly 30 minutes, record the highest wick and the lowest wick. Nothing can be entered while this box is forming.

NO TRADE YET

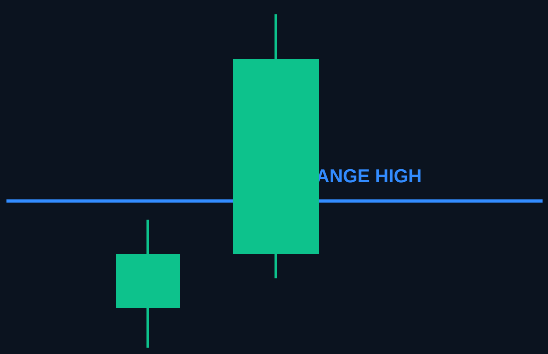
The box is a measuring tool. Price may touch either side many times. Direction is decided only after a later completed M10 candle proves a strong break.

M10 BREAKOUT

Step 2: accept strength, reject wick tricks

M10 means a completed 10-minute candle. Its body must be at least 55% of its full high-to-low range. The wick pointing into the breakout must not exceed 40% of the body. Most importantly, the close must finish outside the range.

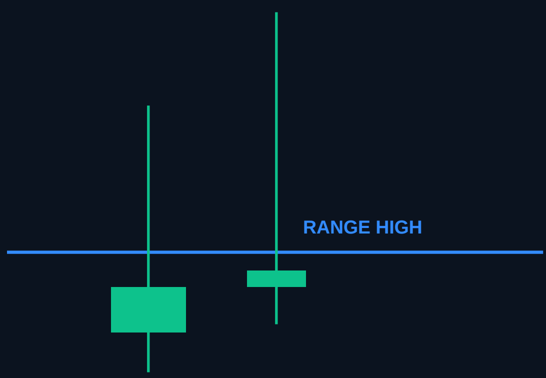
VALID BREAKOUT



Large body. Small upper wick.

Close is clearly above the range.

INVALID WICK BREAK



Price visited above, then failed.

Close returned inside the range.

SIMPLE TEST

Ask: Where did the completed candle CLOSE?

If the answer is inside the box, there is no DASS breakout.

ENTRY TIMING

Step 3: wait for the M2 EMA20 retest

EMA20 means the 20-period Exponential Moving Average on completed M2 candles. It is used only after the M10 breakout. It is not a stand-alone buy or sell signal.

BUY: touch or cross EMA20, then a completed M2 closes back above it.

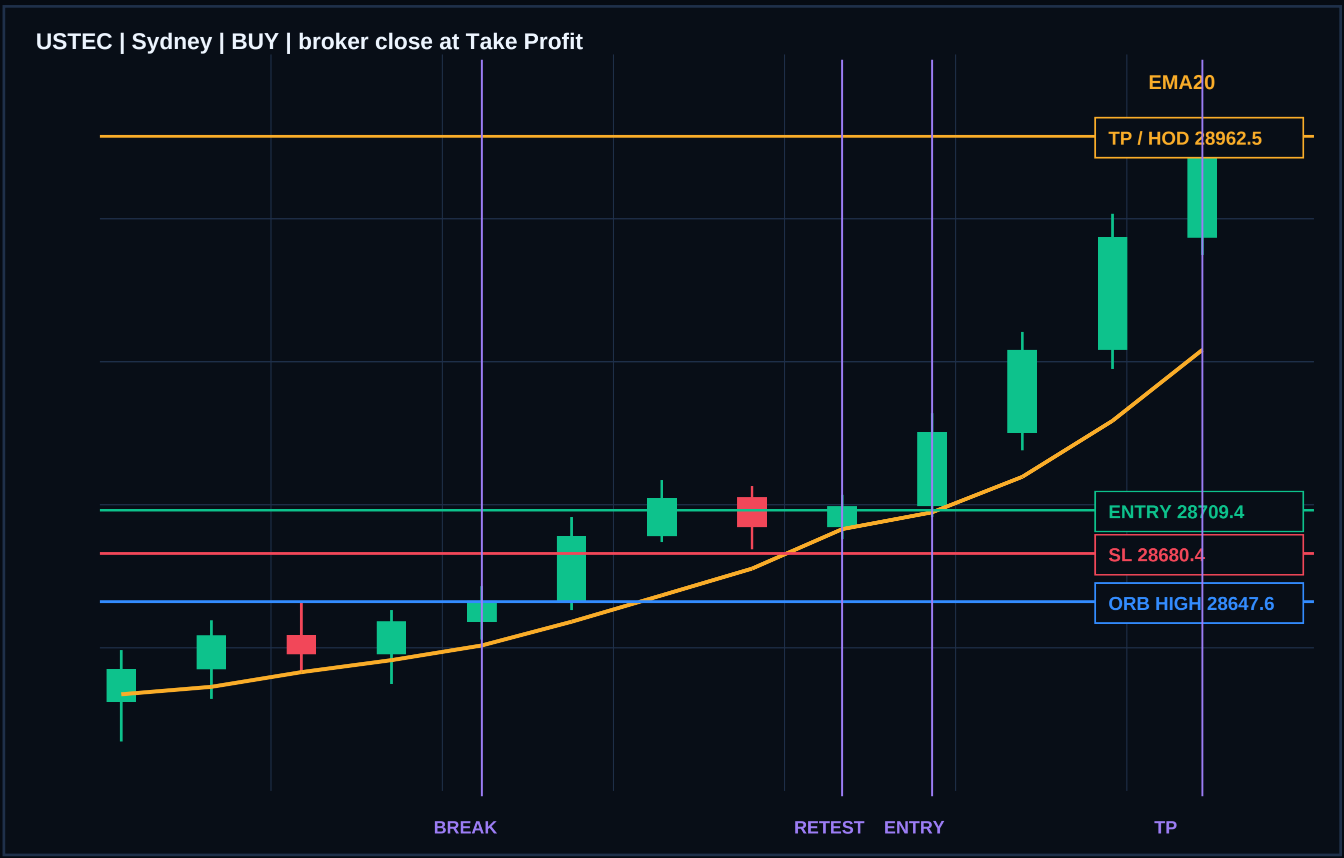
SELL: touch or cross EMA20, then a completed M2 closes back below it.

Entry is permitted only in the next 1-2 completed M2 candles. Never chase candle 3.

REAL TRADE RECONSTRUCTION

Broker-record example: USTEC Sydney BUY

This chart reconstructs a broker-verified winning trade opened 21 July 2026. The recorded levels are exact; intermediate candles are simplified so the lesson is readable. USTEC is the Nasdaq-100 index CFD in this account.



ORB = Opening Range Breakout. Result: +$15.18. Planned reward: 8.71R.

M10 proof

Close 28,648.27 above range high 28,647.57

M2 timing

EMA20 28,696.69; entry 28,709.43

Protection

Original SL 28,680.36 below pullback structure

Outcome

TP 28,962.46 reached; broker profit +$15.18

REAL TRADE RECONSTRUCTION

Broker-record example: US30 New York SELL

This chart reconstructs a broker-verified winning trade opened 13 July 2026. US30 is the Dow Jones index CFD in this account. Recorded levels are exact; intermediate candles are simplified for teaching.

Result: +$12.86. Planned reward: 4.79R. EMA20 at setup: 52,636.64.

M10 proof

Close 52,629.70 below range low 52,682.40

M2 timing

EMA20 52,636.64; entry 52,608.50

Protection

SL 52,642.40 above the pullback swing

Outcome

LOD target 52,447.70 reached; +$12.86

PROTECT THE TRADE CORRECTLY

Stops, spread and true breakeven

The stop is structural: below the M2 pullback swing for a buy, above it for a sell. It is not a random fixed distance. Spread is the gap between bid and ask; it can cause an apparently untouched chart level to close a trade.

1. STRUCTURE

Start with the pullback swing, not a fixed pip guess.

2. SPREAD ROOM

Require at least 2.5 spreads of stop distance.

3. SIZE AGAIN

Wider protected SL means a smaller lot for equal dollars.

4. TRUE BREAKEVEN

Move beyond entry enough to recover spread and one tick.

WHEN BREAKEVEN IS ALLOWED

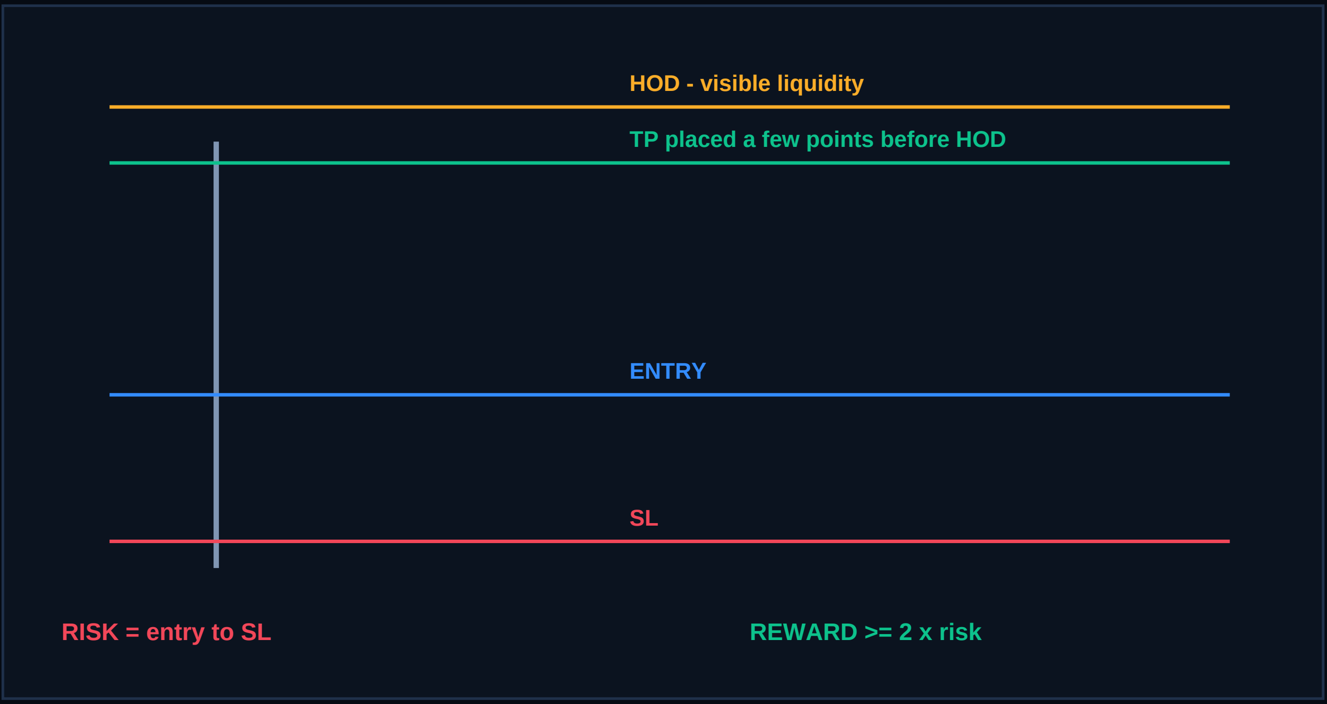
After price reaches 55% of the distance to Take Profit, the stop may tighten. For a buy it moves above entry; for a sell it moves below entry. The extra amount covers current spread and broker tick size, so ’breakeven’ is not zero.

The stop may only tighten. It must never move farther away.

TAKE PROFIT

Targets, the 2R test and near-miss protection

A buy normally targets the existing High of Day (HOD). A sell targets the existing Low of Day (LOD). The target must still offer at least twice the protected stop risk after bid, ask, spread and expected fill differences.



WHY THE TARGET HAS A SMALL BUFFER

Price often touches almost all of the path, then reverses before the exact HOD or LOD. DASS places Take Profit a few broker points before that visible level. The trade is rejected if this buffer reduces reward below 2R.

BEFORE THE BREAKOUT

Session bias: useful context, never a shortcut

Bias answers one question: is the market already showing clear strength or weakness before the new range breaks? Bias can reject a conflicting trade, but it can never replace the breakout and EMA20 retest.

OPENING GAP

Compare the new session open with the previous same-session close.

PDH / PDL

Prior-Day High and Low show whether price is unusually strong or weak.

PREVIOUS SESSION

Compare with the immediately preceding global opening range.

NEUTRAL

Inside prior levels is not an error. Wait for cleaner price proof.

CONFLICT EXAMPLE

Price is above the Prior-Day High, gaps upward and holds above the previous session. That is strongly bullish. A weak bearish poke below the new range is not enough. The sell must be rejected unless the structure genuinely changes.

US MARKET CONTEXT

ES, NQ and VIX explained from the beginning

These three readings describe the mood of US equity markets. They do not create the DASS pattern. They help judge risk and, for US30 and USTEC, direction.

ES

E-mini S&P 500 futures

Measures broad large-company US equity direction.

NQ

E-mini Nasdaq-100 futures

Measures technology and growth-stock direction.

VIX

Cboe Volatility Index

Measures expected 30-day S&P 500 volatility from options.

HOW DASS USES THEM

- US30 and USTEC: bullish ES + bullish NQ + falling VIX supports BUY; the opposite supports SELL.
- Currencies, AUDJPY, USOIL and BTCUSD: context can reduce size but cannot force direction.
- VIX <=20: normal calculated size; 20-25: half size; above 25: quarter size.

If readings disagree, the correct interpretation is uncertainty, not a new signal.

EVENT RISK

Major news: a timed safety zone

Major releases can widen spread, cause slippage and move through chart levels before an order can react. DASS blocks new normal entries only from 30 minutes before until 30 minutes after a high-impact release.

CPI

Consumer Price Index - inflation

NFP

Nonfarm Payrolls - US jobs

FOMC

Federal Open Market Committee rate decision

CENTRAL BANK

Rate decisions and major press conferences

A whole day must never be blocked just because one timed event exists.

WAIT IS A VALID DECISION

Six setups that must be rejected

WICK ONLY

Price pokes outside but M10 closes inside.

WEAK BODY

M10 body is less than 55% of full candle.

LARGE REJECTION WICK

Breakout-side wick is more than 40% of body.

NO EMA RETEST

Price runs away without returning to M2 EMA20.

LATE CONFIRMATION

The next 1-2 M2 entry window has expired.

REWARD TOO SMALL

Buffered HOD/LOD target leaves less than 2R.

THE PROFESSIONAL RESPONSE

Record the reason, keep the slot available, and wait for a new complete sequence.

Do not repair a bad setup by moving the range, widening the stop or chasing price.

TWO INDEPENDENT VERSIONS

DASS-30 and DASS-15 side by side

Both versions use the same sequence and completed-candle discipline. They differ only in measurement speed and target. One version never consumes the other version’s opportunity on the same instrument.

30m	DASS-30 opening / overlap range
M10	strong completed DASS-30 breakout
M2	DASS-30 EMA20 retest and confirmation
15m	DASS-15 opening / overlap range
M5->M1	DASS-15 breakout then EMA20 entry

TARGETS

DASS-30 -> HOD/LOD. DASS-15 -> rolling HO12/LO12. Both require at least 2R.

PAIR PERFORMANCE

What the 36-pair experiment records

Every broker-verified result is separated by pair, DASS version, session, overlap tag and precise Tanzania half-hour. Net R normalizes each result by its original stop so instruments with different prices and contract sizes can be compared.

FIELD	SAVED VALUE	RESEARCH QUESTION
PAIR	EURUSD, XAUUSD, USTEC...	Which market has edge?
VERSION	DASS-30 or DASS-15	Which speed works?
SESSION	Sydney / Tokyo / London / NY	Which clock works?
OVERLAP	Open only or overlap start	Which cycle works?
TIME	Exact EAT half-hour	When does edge appear?
RESULT	Broker P&L and realized R	True outcome
COST	Spread at entry	Was execution expensive?
EXIT	SL / TP / manual	Why did it finish?

Do not remove a pair from a tiny sample. Compare it only after enough verified trades.

Past performance is evidence, not a guarantee of the next result.

PRINT OR SAVE THIS PAGE

One-page decision card

- 1. Which cycle: Sydney, Tokyo, London or New York?
- 2. Which version: DASS-30 or DASS-15?
- 3. Has its full 30- or 15-minute range closed?
- 4. Did the completed M10 or M5 close strongly outside?
- 5. Is the breakout-side wick acceptably small?
- 6. Did price retest EMA20 on M2 or M1?
- 7. Did that completed candle close back with the breakout?
- 8. Is entry still inside the next 1-2 entry candles?
- 9. Is SL beyond the swing and protected from spread?
- 10. Does HOD/LOD or HO12/LO12 still give at least 2R?
- 11. Is the sample labelled with version, session and overlap?

ALL YES -> TRADE THE PLAN

ANY NO -> WAIT. Do not bend the strategy to manufacture a trade.